

GMDH) — (Group Method of Data Handling,

.

,

.

,

.

,

,

.

,

,

,

.

,

,

.

,

.

,

,

,

.

.

.

:

«

-

.

.

».

.

1.

$$D = \{(x_n, y_n)\}_{n=1}^N, x \in \mathfrak{R}^m. \quad (1.1)$$

ℓ, C —

$$\{1, \dots, N\} = W.$$

$$\ell \cup C = W, \ell \cap C = \emptyset. \quad X_\ell$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_n, & \quad n \in \ell. & y_\ell \\ y_n, & \quad n \in C. \end{aligned}$$

2.

y

x .

— :

$$y = w_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m w_i x_i + \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^m w_{ij} x_i x_j + \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{k=1}^m w_{ijk} x_i x_j x_k + \dots \quad (1.2)$$

$$x = \{x_i | i = 1, \dots, m\}$$

w —

—

$$w = \langle w_i, w_{ij}, w_{ijk}, \dots | i, j, k, \dots = 1, \dots, m \rangle.$$

x

$$G = \{g | \mathfrak{R} \rightarrow \mathfrak{R}\}.$$

G

$\{x\}$.

w

x .

3.

4.

$R.$

$$y = f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_1^2, x_1 x_2, x_2^2, \dots, x_m^q), \quad (1.3)$$

$$x_1 \rightarrow a_1, x_2 \rightarrow a_2, \dots, x_1^2 \rightarrow a_\alpha, x_1 x_2 \rightarrow a_\beta, x_2^2 \rightarrow a_\gamma, \dots, x_m^q \rightarrow a_{F_0}, \quad (1.4)$$

$$y = f(a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{F_0}). \quad (1.5)$$

$$w = \langle w_1, \dots, w_{F_0} \rangle.$$

$$y = w_0 + \sum_{i=1}^{F_0} w_i a_i = w_0 + w \cdot a \quad (1.6)$$

$$\{(w_i, a_i)\}, \quad \{i\} = s$$

$$\{1, \dots, F_0\}.$$

5.

x_n

D

a_n

A_W

a_i

A_W

$A_\ell \quad A_C.$

$|y - \hat{y}|,$



\hat{w} ,

_____:

$$\hat{w}_G = (A_G^T A_G)^{-1} A_G^T y_G, \quad (1.7), \quad G \in \{\ell, C, W\}.$$

$$\epsilon_G^2 = |y_G - A_G \hat{w}_G|^2. \quad (1.8)$$

$$\epsilon_G^2 \longrightarrow \min$$

w

$$G, \quad G = \ell.$$

6.

H

$$\Delta^2(H) = \Delta^2(H \setminus G) = |y_H - A_H \hat{w}_G|^2, \quad (1.9),$$

$$H \in \{\ell, C\}, \quad H \cap G = \emptyset.$$

H

G .

7.

1.1.

<http://www.gmdh.net>

1.1.1.

$$\Delta^2(C)$$

$C,$

$\ell.$

$$\Delta^2(C) = |\mathbf{y}_C - A_C \widehat{\mathbf{w}}_\ell|^2 = (\mathbf{y}_C - A_C \widehat{\mathbf{w}}_\ell)^T (\mathbf{y}_C - A_C \widehat{\mathbf{w}}_\ell), \quad (1.1.1.1)$$

$$\widehat{\mathbf{w}}_\ell = (A_\ell^T A_\ell)^{-1} (A_\ell^T \mathbf{y}_\ell) \quad \widehat{\mathbf{y}}_C(\ell) = A_C \widehat{\mathbf{w}}_\ell.$$

:

$$\Delta^2(C) = \frac{|\mathbf{y}_C - A_C \widehat{\mathbf{w}}_\ell|^2}{|\mathbf{y}_C|^2} \quad (1.1.1.2)$$

$$\Delta^2(C) = \frac{|\mathbf{y}_C - A_C \widehat{\mathbf{w}}_\ell|^2}{|\mathbf{y}_C - \bar{\mathbf{y}}_C|^2}, \quad (1.1.1.3)$$

$\bar{\mathbf{y}} -$

$\mathbf{y}.$

$$\Delta^2(C)$$

$$\Delta^2(C \setminus \ell),$$

$C,$

$\ell.$

1.1.2.

:

$\ell \ C.$

ℓ

$C,$

:

$$\eta_{bs}^2 = |A_W \hat{w}_\ell - A_W \hat{w}_C|^2 = (\hat{w}_\ell - \hat{w}_C)^T A_W^T A_W (\hat{w}_\ell - \hat{w}_C). \quad (1.1.2.1)$$

:

$$\eta_{bs}^2 = \frac{|A_W \hat{w}_\ell - A_W \hat{w}_C|^2}{|y_C - \bar{y}_C|^2} \quad (1.1.2.2)$$

$$\eta_a^2 = |\hat{w}_\ell - \hat{w}_C|^2, \quad (1.1.2.3)$$

$$\hat{w}_\ell \quad \hat{w}_C -$$

$\ell \quad C.$

w

1.1.3. absolute noise-immune

$$\begin{aligned} V^2 &= (A_W \hat{w}_\ell - A_W \hat{w}_W)^T (A_W \hat{w}_W - A_W \hat{w}_C) = \\ &= (\hat{w}_\ell - \hat{w}_W)^T A_W^T A_W (\hat{w}_W - \hat{w}_C). \end{aligned} \quad (1.1.3.1)$$

$$\hat{w}_W -$$

$W.$

1.1.4.

$B,$

:

$$\Delta^2(W \setminus B) = \frac{|y_W - A_W \bar{w}_B|^2}{|y_W - \bar{y}_W|^2} \quad (1.1.4.1)$$

1.1.5.

$$k^2 = \sum_{i=1}^K \alpha_i k_i^2,$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^K \alpha_i = 1.$$

k_i —

α_i —

$$k^2 = \sum_{i=1}^K \alpha_i \frac{k_i^2}{k_{i \max}^2} \quad (1.1.5.1)$$

$k_{i \max}^2$

$$c_1^2 = \bar{\eta}_{bs}^2 + \bar{\epsilon}^2(W) = \frac{\eta_{bs}^2}{\eta_{bs \max}^2} + \frac{\epsilon^2}{\epsilon_{\max}^2}, \quad (1.1.5.2)$$

$\bar{\epsilon}^2(W)$ —

$W = \ell UC$

W .

$$c_2^2 = \bar{\eta} b s^2 + \bar{\Delta}^2(C). \quad (1.1.5.3)$$

$$c_3^2 = \bar{\eta} b s^2 + \bar{\Delta}^2(B \setminus W). \quad (1.1.5.4)$$

$\Delta(C \setminus W)$ —
 C , W .
 c_3
 $\ell = 40\%$, $C = 40\%$ $B = 20\%$. ℓ C
 c_1 c_2 B —

1.1.6. -

1.2.

$$y = a_0 + w(s) \cdot a(s). \quad (1.2.1)$$

w —

a —

$$s \subseteq \{1, \dots, F_0\}$$

$$y = w_0 + w(s) \cdot a(s) \quad (1.2.2)$$

$$s \subseteq \{1, \dots, F_0\},$$

$$w = \langle w_1, \dots, w_{F_0} \rangle \quad a = \langle a_1, \dots, a_{F_0} \rangle.$$

\mathbf{R} ,

$$F_0 = \sum_{r=1}^R \bar{C}_r^P = \sum_{r=1}^R \frac{(r+P-1)!}{P!(r-1)!}, \quad (1.2.3)$$

2^{F_0} . \bar{C}_r^P —

P r, P —

x .

1.2.1.

()

w ,

F_0 .

$$y = w_0 + w_1 a_1 + w_2 a_2 + w_3 a_3, \dots, w_{F_0} a_{F_0}. \quad (1.2.1.1)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
y_1 &= w_{10} + w_{11} a_1, \\
y_2 &= w_{20} + w_{22} a_2, \\
y_3 &= w_{30} + w_{31} a_1 + w_{32} a_2, \\
y_4 &= w_{40} + w_{43} a_3, \\
y_5 &= w_{50} + w_{51} a_1 + w_{53} a_3, \\
y_6 &= w_{60} + w_{62} a_2 + w_{63} a_3, \\
y_7 &= w_{70} + w_{71} a_1 + w_{72} a_2 + w_{73} a_3.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{—} & c(s) = \langle c_1, \dots, c_{F_0} \rangle & c_i \in \{0, 1\} & 1, \\
& i \in s, & & & \\
& & 0. & &
\end{aligned}$$

$$y = c(s) \cdot w \cdot a. \quad (1.2.1.2)$$

$$c = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \dots & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & \dots & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \dots & 1 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & \dots & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$2^{F_0},$$

$$F_0$$

$$a_i.$$

$$y_{(ij)} = w_0 + w_i a_i + w_j a_j, i, j = 1, \dots, F_0, i \neq j. \quad (1.2.1.3)$$

$$M_1$$

$$C_2^{F_0} = \frac{1}{2} F_0 (F_0 - 1) = M_1.$$

$$(i, j).$$

$$F_1$$

$$\{(i, j)\}.$$

$$i, j$$

$$s_1 \subset \{1, \dots, F_0\}.$$

$$z_{(pquv)} = y_{(pq)} + y_{(uv)} = w_0 + w_p a_p + w_q a_q + w_u a_u + w_v a_v, p, q, u, v = 1, \dots, s_1, p \neq q \neq u \neq v.$$

$$(1.2.1.4)$$

$$\{(p, q, u, v)\},$$

$$p, q, u, v \in s_2 \subset s_1 \subset \{1, \dots, F_0\}.$$

l- c

$$\{p, \dots, v\},$$

$$s_l \subset s_{l-1} \subset s_1 \subset \{1, \dots, F_0\}.$$

$$z_{(p \dots v)} = y_{(p \dots q)} + y_{(u \dots v)} = w_0 + w_p a_p + \dots + w_v a_v. \quad (1.2.1.5)$$

1.3.

$$g[x(t)] -$$

$$(1.2.1.6)$$

; N -

$$; x_{i_1}, x_{i_2} -$$

$$(1.2.1.6)$$

:

$$; r_{i_1} -$$

()

$$x_i$$

i

$$r_{i_1 i_2}$$

i₁ i₂

...

